PAUL BARDEN

Introduced by:
Proposed Ordinance No.

ORDINANCE NO. 6643

AN ORDINANCE relating to zoning; adding to the definition of open space; modifying the permitted uses and subdivision provisions in the GR zone classification; amending Resolution 33880 (part), Resolution 25789, Section 284, Ordinance 4306, Sections 3, 6 and 7, and KCC 21.04.216, 21.21.040, 21.21.050 and 21.21.060; and repealing and substituting new language for Ordinance 4306, Section 5 and KCC 21.21.020.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE KING COUNTY COUNCIL:

SECTION 1. Resolution 33880 (part), Resolution 25789, Section 284 and KCC 21.04.216 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

Open Space, required "Required open space" means a portion of the area of a lot or building site, other than required yards, which area is required by this title, as set forth in the different classifications contained herein, to be maintained between buildings, between wings of a building as common area to be available for use by the persons specified in a planned unit development or multiple-lot subdivision, and between buildings and any portion of a property boundary line not contiguous to a required front or side yard. Open spaces ((;as in the case of required yards;)) are required to be free and clear of buildings and structures and to remain open and unobstructed from the ground to the sky, except for specific permitted uses and structures.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 2. Ordinance 4306, Section 3 and KCC 21.21.020 are each hereby repealed and the following is substituted:

The permitted uses in any GR zone shall be those set forth in KCC 21.25.

SECTION 3. Ordinance 4306, Section 5 and KCC 21.21.040 are each hereby

Lot dimensions, coverage, height limits, yards and open spaces.

- A. For parcels in a GR zone containing over five acres, lot dimensions, height limits, yards and open spaces shall be those set forth in Chapter ((21-22)) 21.20; ((except in multiple lot subdivisions and short subdivisions;))
- B. For parcels in a GR zone containing five acres or less, lot dimensions, height limits, yards and open spaces shall be those set forth in Chapter 21.18, except in multiple lot subdivisions and short subdivisions;

amended to read as follows:

B. For parcels in a GR zone containing five acres or less, lot dimensions, height limits, yards and open spaces shall be those set forth in Chapter 21.18, except in multiple lot subdivisions and short subdivisions;

C. For lots in multiple lot subdivisions and short subdivisions created pursuant to the lot clustering requirements contained in KCC 21.21.050, the lot dimensions, coverage, height limits, and yards shall be the nearest comparable standards in the RS classification, as set forth in KCC 21.08.100 through 21.08.150, depending on actual lot size.

SECTION 4. Ordinance 4306, Section 6 and KCC 21.21.050 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

Densities in multiple lot subdivisions. In order to carry out the purposes of the comprehensive plan and this chapter, particularly the reservation of large tracts of land for possible future growth and the promotion of efficient land use patterns, two different densities in multiple lot subdivisions and short subdivisions will be allowed, to be identified and applied on the zoning map with the designations GR-2.5 and GR-5.

- A. In a GR-2.5 zone, parcels containing two acres or more but less than five acres on or before the effective date of the ((ordinance codified in this chapter)) application of this classification may be short subdivided to create one additional lot; provided, that both resulting lots are of sufficient area to meet on-site sewage disposal requirements; and provided, further, that neither lot shall be further subdivided while retaining the GR-2.5 classification;
- B. In a GR-2.5 zone, on parcels containing five acres or more, an average density of one dwelling unit per two and one-half acres of site area may be allowed in conjunction with lot clustering, subject to the following conditions:
- 1. Sixty-five percent or more of the site being subdivided or short subdivided is reserved for open space and possible future resubdivision pursuant to the "reserve tract" provisions of this chapter,
- 2. The topography, natural features, and site shape permit a present and potential future subdivision pattern which will allow efficient future

conversion of the reserve tract, or a portion thereof, to urban or suburban uses when and if called for by the comprehensive plan or community plan;

- C. In a GR-5 zone, parcels containing two acres or more but less than ten acres on or before the effective date of the ((ordinance codified in this chapter)) application of this classification may be short subdivided to create one additional lot; provided, that both resulting lots are of sufficient area to meet on-site sewage disposal requirements, and provided further that neither lot shall be further subdivided while retaining the GR-5 classification;
- D. In a GR-5 zone ((; on parcels containing ten acres or more;)) an average density of one dwelling unit per five acres of site area may be allowed ((in)) as follows:
- 1. On parcels containing ten acres or more when developed in conjunction with lot clustering, subject to the following conditions:
- ((1-)) <u>a.</u> Seventy-five percent or more of the site being subdivided or short subdivided is reserved for open space and possible future resubdivision pursuant to the "reserve tract" provisions of this chapter,
- ((2-)) <u>b.</u> The topography, natural features, and site shape of the reserve tract permit a present and potential future subdivision pattern which will allow efficient future conversion of the reserve tract, or a portion therof, to urban or suburban uses <u>and densities</u> ((when and if called for)) <u>in areas designated growth reserve</u> by the comprehensive plan or community plan; or
- 2. On parcels of 20 acres or less created on or before the effective date of the application of this ordinance, by subdivision or short subdivision into lots of five acres or larger, provided the applicant can demonstrate how the property may be further subdivided into smaller lots to accommodate urban or suburban densities, in areas designated growth reserve by the comprehensive plan or community plan. King County may require an arrangement of lots and streets to facilitate future resubdivision, a plat restriction which specifies building locations or imposes additional setbacks to guarantee that future street right-of-way expansion can be accomplished with-

 out infringing on the yard requirement of the zone, and may require the setting aside of future rights-of-way, using the "Tract X" form set forth in Appendix D, codified in KCC 19.26.490.

- E. In any GR zone, all coal mine hazard areas, Class III landslide hazard areas, and wetlands, as defined in KCC 21.04, shall be included within the reserve tract as provided by this chapter, and shall be dedicated or ((reserve)) reserved to King County or another appropriate community or public body as permanent open space, except to the extent that development is approved on such sensitive areas pursuant to ((θrdinance 4365;)) K.C.C. 20.44, 21.04 and 21.54.
- F. In any GR zone, the minimum lot size of the building sites shall be sufficient to meet on-site sewage disposal requirements. Lot dimensions, coverage and height limits, yards and open spaces shall conform to the requirements of the nearest comparable RS or S zone based on the size of the building lots or to the provisions of ((Section)) KCC 21.21.040.
- G. In any subdivision or short subdivision within a GR zone, open space and right-of-way dedications, easements, drainage control facilities, and site improvement requirements may be set by the County to serve only that portion of the site containing building lots, or any improvements allowed in a reserve tract.

SECTION 5. Ordinance 4306, Section 7 and KCC 21.21.060 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

Reserve tract provisions. A. For the purposes of this chapter, "reserve tract" means that portion of a proposed subdivision or short subdivision in a GR zone which is designated for potential future resubdivision subject to the restrictions of this section. After a site is initially divided pursuant to this chapter, the reserve tract may be retained by the subdivider, conveyed to residents of the subdivisions, or conveyed to a third party. Regardless of who owns the reserve tract, all restrictions set forth in this chapter shall apply to it.

B. All reserve tracts created through subdivision or short subdivision in a GR zone shall be subject to the following restrictions:

November 21, 1983

1. On reserve tracts ((of ten acres or more;)) one primary dwelling, which must be included in overall density calculations for the subdivision or short subdivision, shall be permitteed, plus ((horticulture and)) those ((agricultural)) uses enumerated in ((Section 21:22:020; uses of reserve tracts containing less than ten acres shall be limited to horticulture; agricultural crops; beehives as provided in Section 21:22:020; poultry; and livestock only for the use of the residents of the subdivision; as provided in Section 21:18:020 0:;)) KCC 21.21.020.

- 2. The reserve tract shall not be further subdivided while containing the GR classification. The reserve tract may be proposed for resubdivision only after the site is reclassified in an area zoning process as defined in Section 20.08.030. Every reserve tract created through this chapter shall be eligible for review and consideration for urban or suburban uses when a new or revised community plan for the area in which the reserve tract is situated is being proposed, or every ten years from the date of designation of a reserve area through use of this classification.
- 3. Coal mine hazard areas, Class III landslide hazard areas and wetlands, as defined in Chpater 21.04, within a designated reserve tract shall not be disturbed or altered through <u>vegetation removal</u>, excavation, filling, building or other improvements except with the approval by the ((B))<u>building</u> and ((<u>b</u>))<u>development</u> ((<u>b</u>))<u>division of a site plan, and only for the purposes of removing a nuisance or hazard to life or property, recreation, or enhancement of fisheries or wildlife habitat.</u>
- C. All restrictions on a reserve tract, and the purpose of the reserve tract as stated in subsection A of this section, shall be shown on the face of the plat or short plat, and shall be communicated clearly and in writing to all purchasers and prospective purchasers of building lots or reserve tracts in subdivisions or short subdivisions in a GR zone.
- D. Any proposed new subdivision or short subdivision of a reserve tract after its reclassification from GR shall comply with all applicable policies and regulations in effect at the time the proposed new subdivision or short

subdivision is reviewed. The building lots created by the original subdivision or short subdivision under the GR classification in which said reserve tract is located shall be included in computing all then-current technical requirements, including but not limited to open space, street improvements and drainage, unless the original subdivision or short subdivision made adequate provision for meeting such requirements as provided in (Section)) KCC 21.21.050 G.

INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this 14th day of November 1953.

PASSED this 9th day of grandy 1984.

KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

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ATTEST:

Santy M. Quens Glork of the Council

APPROVED this 18th day of Januar

January 1984

King County Executive